

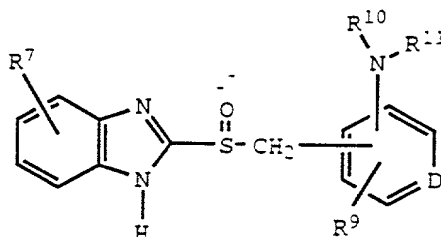
METHOD OF USING (H<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>)ATPase INHIBITORS  
AS ANTIVIRAL AGENTS

ABSTRACT

5

A class of compounds which are (H<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>)ATPase inhibitors can be used for the treatment of viral infections. Compounds of particular interest are defined by Formula III:

10



III

wherein D is N or CH; wherein R<sup>7</sup> is one or more radicals selected from hydrido, alkoxy, amino, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, carboxyl, alkanoyl, nitro, amino, alkylamino, amide, alkylamide, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl and alkylsulfonyl; wherein R<sup>9</sup> is one or more radicals selected from hydrido, alkoxy, amino, alkyl, halo, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, haloalkyl, carboxyl, alkanoyl, nitro, amine, alkylamine, dialkylamine, amide, alkylamide, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl and alkylsulfonyl; and wherein R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently selected from hydrido and alkyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.